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NUMBER 49

500 KILLED BY HEAT; 1,000 PROSTRATED; OTHERS DRIVEN INSANE IN MANY CITIES

DRY FARMING MEET HELPFUL TO THE WOMEN

Their Congress Will Assemble in Colorado Springs October 12 Jointly With World-wide Society

WOMEN FARMERS ARE MAKING BIG SUCCESS

Have Hundreds of Fine Farms and Have Made Rural Life Pleasant in Late Years

(By Victor Elliott.)

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The sixth international dry-farming congress and the first international congress of farm women is to be held jointly at Colorado Springs, Colorado, beginning on October 12 next.

Secretary Wilson, and a number of farming scientists of the department of agriculture are very much interested in the work that the joint congress is attempting to do and representatives of the department will be sent from Washington to attend the sessions of the congress. Special interest centers in the women who are expected to attend the congress, from every state in the Union. Particularly is the secretary of the department anxious to know more fully what the women farmers of the United States are doing, although he is pretty well acquainted with their work in the various sections of the United States from reports that he has received from time to time from investigators in the field, who are constantly doing special work of this kind for the government.

It is expected that the western delegates to the congress will be able to furnish a great deal of interesting data, as it is in this section of the United States that more farms are being conducted by women than in any other part of the country.

Women Farmers. Recently a great impetus has been given to the work of women farmers in the New England and the middle Atlantic states, where a great deal of worthless farm land has been turned into prosperous acreage by the tireless energy of their owners. The experience of these women farmers will also be a feature of the discussion of the congress.

It may be that Secretary Wilson will attend the session of the congress with several of the experts in the department who have been designated as delegates. If Secretary Wilson decides to attend the convention, he will make several speeches during its sessions on what the department of agriculture is doing in various sections of the country to aid in upbuilding agriculture from a scientific standpoint.

The closing session of farm women will be the first gathering of its kind in the United States, if not in the world. It is a crystallization of the growing feeling that now is the time to begin improving conditions in the home of the farmer, and to establish higher ideals in rural communities.

The work of the congress is in line with the ideas and ideals of Theodore Roosevelt. It will be the work that he advocated at the time of the appointment of the farm uplift commission, which has made extensive investigations into conditions surrounding the home life and the business methods as well as the education of the dweller in rural communities.

In foreign countries, with the possible exception of England, women are practically unknown. The women on the farms while important factors do not figure in a public way. The man is the "boss," regulates everything, and attends to all of the larger details in this country where there is a large women farming element. Matters are somewhat different. The individuality of the woman is developed to a marked degree whereas on European or Asiatic farms the women are simple drudges. Consequently the women farmers of this country are on the same footing as the men, and on their farms are under the same responsibilities as the men farmers. Hence the women will have a great deal to say concerning conditions surrounding the farms and their successful operation.

Great Advantages. One phase of the women's farm congress is that it will work for better homes, better sanitation, more practical education, more refinement, and a greater advancement morally, and a greater advancement mentally in the homes of the rural districts of all countries. There will be domestic science.

WORLD-WIDE TRUST IN STEEL INDUSTRY IS NEAR

Head of United States Steel Corporation Meets Representatives of All Nations for Purpose of Perfecting Organization to Spread "Golden Rule"

BRUSSELS, July 5.—The steel interests of America, Canada, Germany, England, Belgium, Italy, Austria and Spain were represented by 180 delegates who met in conference today preliminary to the formation of an international association broadly similar to the American Steel Institute. Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, presided. Judge Gary, who was elected chairman of the conference, explained his views concerning cooperation in business. American, he said, were anxious to be and keep near to their European friends.

An International Trust. "It is the expressed wish of many of their representatives to form an international association for the interchange of opinions and information between iron and steel producers of the world concerning all questions relating to the industry, and organization distinguished from and broader

BURTON STANDS FOR AGREEMENT

Ohio Senator Defends Taft's Advocacy of Reciprocity—Says It Will Not Hurt Farmer

SPEECHES DEFENDED

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The right of President Taft to negotiate the Canadian reciprocity agreement, to send it in complex form to congress for enactment and to defend and advocate it in stump speeches throughout the country was asserted in the senate today by Senator Burton of Ohio at the conclusion of a speech in support of the measure.

Senator Burton urged that the agreement, notwithstanding the power of congress to change it, be passed without amendment. He said it undoubtedly did not please everybody; that probably it had never occurred to President Taft or the Canadian commissioners when it was to be completed.

The Farmers' End. Mr. Burton emphasized that those who based their objections to the agreement on the ground that the farmers would suffer injury virtually were fighting for higher duties for the farmer. He said no injury to the farmer could follow the removal of duties on farm products, except in certain localities along the border. To keep the duties at the present figure, he said, would be to place the consumer at the mercy of a short market and rising prices when the time arrives that American production would not equal American consumption.

MAINE WRECK SATISFIES THOSE WHO SEE IT

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The collision built around the wreck of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor has met every expectation of its designers in the opinion of Gen. Babby, chief of engineers, who has returned from a personal inspection of the wreck.

He explained the delays in the work by saying it was necessary that the wreck be exposed by easy stages.

FOURTH OBSERVED IN PARIS. PARIS, July 5.—American Ambassador and Mrs. Bacon gave a fourth of July reception in their residence yesterday in the Rue de la Paix. President Calixte and other notables attended.

THREE INJURED. KOKOMO, Ind., July 5.—Three men were seriously injured in the explosion of a charge in an old cannon in a park. They were attempting to clear the gun of a charge of powder, nails and stones that had been rammed into it by three boys. The boys were arrested.

FOURTH IN JAPAN. YOKOHAMA, July 5.—The Fourth of July celebration here was especially interesting. Americans gave a dinner at the Grand hotel, at which Ambassador O'Brien was the chief guest. Several leading Japanese were present and many nationalities were represented.

DISASTROUS RESULTS OF HEAT WAVE

All Records Smashed in Many Parts of United States—Ambulances Unable to Handle Dead

EXPRESS WAGONS ARE UTILIZED IN CHICAGO

At Other Places Morgues Are Unable to Take Care of Any More Bodies—Many Insane

A loss of more than 500 lives is credited to the great heat wave of July 1 to 5, 1911, which official weather advisories say will abate somewhat today.

JAP WILL BE GIVEN OUR NAVAL SECRETS

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Admiral Togo, victor of the battle of the Sea of Japan, will have no difficulty in viewing anything he cares to see in the navy yard or a year-old naval establishment. It is expected he will board the battleship Florida, now nearing completion.

Details of the plans for the admiral's entertainment have not been completed, but when he arrives in New York about July 8 he will be received as the guest of the nation.

BANQUET IN HONOR OF MRS. YOUNG ON FRIDAY

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—Several special trains arrived here today bearing the advance of the 26,000 delegates to the National Educational association convention, which will open here Friday night with a banquet in honor of Mrs. Ella Plang Young of Chicago, president of the body.

Mrs. Young is due here tomorrow. President David Starr Jordan of Stanford university is among those to speak at the banquet in her honor.

WANTS INVESTIGATION OF PUBLIC LAND LAWS

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Representative Baker of California in the house today urged the adoption of his resolution providing for an investigation of public land laws and their administration.

He said so many complaints had been received that the public lands commission should familiarize itself with the west and the land conditions there.

TAFT MAKES RULINGS ON FORESTRY RESERVES

WASHINGTON, July 5.—President Taft has signed several proclamations eliminating 151,729 acres considered to be of more value for agriculture than forestry purposes from national forests in California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada and South Dakota, and adding 115,760 acres valuable for forestry.

From the Mono national forest in California and Nevada 32,927 acres were eliminated and 107,560 acres were added.

MANY APPLICATIONS FOR THE POSTAL BONDS

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Postmaster General Hitchcock announced today that the applications from depositors to purchase postal savings bonds on July 1 aggregated 42,000.

Of these more than 35,000 were applied in registered form, indicating the intention of depositors to retain the bonds as an investment.

THREE FATALLY INJURED

DUBUQUE, Iowa, July 5.—Charles Kane, aged 43, and two children, 4 and 5 years old, were fatally injured yesterday afternoon by the explosion of a box of dynamite caps while celebrating the Fourth.

IN SAN QUENTIN PRISON. SAN QUENTIN, Cal., July 5.—The convicts in the state penitentiary here observed the fourth as a holiday and the principal attraction was a minstrel and vaudeville staged entirely by the inmates of the penitentiary. One of the vaudeville features was a sketch written by Abraham Ruef, former political associate of San Francisco, now serving a fourteen year sentence for bribery.

POPE PIUS LAUDS THE WORK OF UNITED STATES

Praises in Highest Terms Movement of Taft in Behalf of Universal Peace—Church, He Says, Cannot But Endorse Such a Worthy Movement

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Pope Pius, in an autograph letter received today by the apostolic delegate to Washington, applauds the lead taken by the United States in the world-wide campaign for international peace. Although the pontiff does not mention President Taft by name, a copy of the letter was forwarded tonight to the white house.

It is expected the president, because of his well known peace views, will reply to the cordial sentiments of the pope. The letter says in part: "To our Honorable Brother, Dimasides Titular, Archbishop of Larissa, Apostolic Delegate to the United States of America: Venerable Brother, Health and Apostolic Benediction—"

"We are happy to learn from you that in the United States of America, among the people enjoying the highest authority with the people, the more judicious members of the community, are fervently desirous of attaining the advantage of international peace. To compose differences, to restrain the outbreak of hostilities, to prevent the dangers of war, to remove even the activities of so-called armed peace, is indeed most

played havoc with small buildings and trees. In Kansas many of the larger rivers, among them the Verdigris, are drying up and cities which depend upon them for water supply are facing an almost unprecedented water famine. Complete figures tonight show that seven deaths resulted from the heat in Kansas City today and there were 16 prostrations.

58 in New York. NEW YORK, July 5.—The accumulated exhaustion of three sweltering days continued to mount in the record of deaths and prostrations today. The mercury went down. The total for the present hot wave is 58 deaths.

The day's list of deaths from the heat was 36 up to midnight. In Manhattan and the Bronx boroughs 122 cases of heat prostration were on the police records.

Dead House Over-crowded. PHILADELPHIA, July 5.—The keeper of the morgue today notified the coroner that the dead house was overcrowded and that he would be unable to care for any more bodies until some now in the place are removed.

Thirty-seven sudden deaths were reported today. Among those 19 were due to heat. There have been 41 fatalities from this cause during the present hot wave.

Three Driven Insane. PEORIA, July 5.—Two deaths, three persons insane from the heat and several prostrations is the record for this city for two days of the hot wave. The thermometer at 3:30 o'clock registered 92.

11 Babies Die. CLEVELAND, July 5.—A lake breeze this afternoon caused the mercury to drop several degrees after it had reached 98 in the street clock. The deaths of 11 babies are attributed to the heat. Several prostrations were reported.

Corn Crop Saved. DUBUQUE, July 5.—A rain storm which seems to have reached all northeastern Iowa thoroughly drenched the ground tonight and it is believed had saved the corn crop.

Struck By Lightning. OGDEN, Iowa, July 5.—During a thunderstorm here late today William Peterson, 25 years old, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Another Driven Insane. COLUMBUS, July 5.—Two deaths, several prostrations and one person driven insane was the local heat record today.

30 Prostrations. BALTIMORE, July 5.—Three deaths from the heat and thirty prostrations were recorded today. The temperature was 97 degrees.

Heavy Hail Storm. LAPORTE, Ind., July 5.—A terrible electric wind and hail storm struck Laporte county this afternoon.

Storm in Bay State. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., July 5.—One of the most terrific thunderstorms seen in many years visited this portion of the Connecticut Valley.

Seven Die in a Day. Seven persons died and 16 were prostrated as a result of the heat wave here, when the thermometer reached 104. Sedalia, Mo., experienced a "hottest day." The temperature was 107 at Muskogee, a year's record, at Oklahoma City the temperature registered 102.

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TROOPERS AND COWBOYS DO GREAT STUNTS

Great Meet of Plainsmen and Army Men at Warren Concludes Big Three-Day's Celebration

TARGET WORK OF THE ARMY A BIG TREAT

Best Bronco Riders in West Delight Thousands By Dare-devil Feats—Drilling Revelation

With the departure today of the troops who have participated in Bisbee's Fourth of July celebration for Fort Huachuca and Douglas, the district experiences a feeling of keen regret. The celebration committee and the public generally are fullsome in their praises of the conduct of the troops and their untiring efforts in behalf of the celebration, which they have made the greatest success in the history of Bisbee.

Approximately 4000 people spent the larger part of yesterday at Warren and the majority report of the people was that the best of the celebration was saved until the last day, the largest crowd that has ever assembled at Warren and many say that it was the largest crowd that ever assembled in the district.

With a band concert in Copper Queen plaza last evening by the Sixth cavalry band, the Fourth of July celebration came to a close and no one need have any hesitancy in declaring it to be the greatest celebration ever held in the district.

Soldiers to Leave. The squadron of cavalry, which has been the guest of the celebration organization since Monday at noon, will depart this morning early. Troops A and C for Douglas and Troops I and L for Fort Huachuca. The sentiments of the officers and troopers is summed up in the expression of Lieutenant Turner of Troop C, who said: "We have only one regret and that is that the celebration did not last a week."

More visitors arrived in the city yesterday morning, coming from all over the country, and the crowd reached the climax by the afternoon. The downtown streets were filled with good natured crowds of civilians and soldiers. The announcement that the "Death of Custer" would be repeated by the military band filled the plan and surrounding streets last night at the concert. The piece is one of the best and most cleverly executed ever heard in Bisbee and the mammoth audience exhibited its opinion in cheers that filled the camp with echoes.

Race Called Off. The day began yesterday with the rifle match between the Bisbee Rifle club and the soldiers' team, a full account of which will be found in another column of this morning's paper. The race between the horses of Lieutenant Holderness and P. E. Russell of Warren did not occur, as the Lieutenant did not come up from Douglas and the Russell horse, which ran at Douglas on July 4, was not in running condition.

A Substitute Race. The crowds were not disappointed, however. When it was learned that the race could not be pulled off, the "celebration live wire," Jesse Yorkum, got busy and ribbed up a racing program among the cavalrymen, which was greatly enjoyed by the crowd and by the troopers. The prizes were small, but the maximum amount of sport was got out of the racing program.

The first race was a free-for-all for cavalry horses and there were five entries. Wagoner Brown finished first and Private Remfrew was second, winning prizes of \$2.50 and \$10.00. The distance was 700 feet.

In the 300-yard race, Private Hought finished first and Sergeant Mull second, the prizes being the same as in the first race.

Pinto Wins Race. In a race between George Davis' little Pinto and a cavalry horse ridden by a trooper, the Pinto won cut by a dozen and a half lengths, winning a purse of \$2.50.

The judges of the morning races were Messrs. Copperwalle and Masoffin, Lieutenant Griffith and Sergeant Chase.

At 1 o'clock the governor arrived at the fair, escorted by a troop of cavalry. In the first place, they were lined up for the review. The governor's automobile, in which Captain John C. Greenway, chairman of

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WILL NOT HELP THE CONSUMER

President Taft Makes Peculiar Assertion in Reciprocity Speech—Will Not Lessen Cost of Living

SPEAKS FOR THE FARMERS

INDIANAPOLIS, July 5.—President Taft concluded his visit to Indianapolis today. At the Marion club banquet the president spoke on reciprocity. He said:

"I have had occasion elsewhere to say that the subjects in which I have recently been most greatly interested are not party issues. Certainly this is true of universal arbitration and of the plan of the monetary commission for the reform of our currency and banking system. It is Republican."

With respect to reciprocity, however, I find there is a disposition by some republicans to dispute the proposition that republicans can consistently support the adoption of the present agreement made for this purpose with the Canadian government. It is said that this kind of reciprocity is not republican reciprocity.

"It is said this reciprocity covers competitive products of each country and that the reciprocity of former republican leaders was intended to induce only a lowering or abolition of duties on products of other countries which did not compete with products of this country."

Democratic Measures. "It is also said, that the Canadian reciprocity as now proposed is nothing but a democratic measure reducing or abolishing the tariff on goods from Canada that compete with those raised by our own people, and that it is so drawn as prejudicially to affect the farmers of the country as a class."

"The republican party in their last national platform declared in favor of tariff duties which would measure only the difference in the cost of production of articles here and of articles abroad."

"In other words, the sound republican doctrine has become the imposition of duties only where the conditions are naturally unequal, and where duties are necessary to meet on a level the competition of foreign producers. The Canadian reciprocity agreement squares exactly with the doctrine."

Another Objection. "Another objection of the republicans who denounce Canadian reciprocity as a heresy is that the amount of competition which is to take place in our markets between Canadian products and those of the United States under this agreement is very much less than there would be by their general statements have you believe, in the first place, they say that by free trade in agricultural products, we are giving them a market of ninety million people."

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